Ser. No.: 10/680,077 Art Unit: 2652

## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the portions of the specification identified below to read as indicated herein.

## At page 1, line 1, please amend the title as follows:

## DISK ROTATING APPARATUS AND INFORMATION RECORDING/REPRODUCING APPARATUS HAVING AN AIR-BEARING DEVICE

## Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 15, as follows:

Magnetic heads and magnetic disks, which are the main parts of a hard disk drive, are inspected by a head/disk testing device, or the like. Magnetic heads and magnetic disks are hereafter simply called heads and disks. Head/disk testing devices have a disk rotating apparatus and a head positioning apparatus and test by positioning the head on a disk that rotates at high speed (for instance, refer to Japanese Kokai Patent No. Hei 6(1994)-150,269 (Figure 2B) and Kokai Patent No. 2000-187,821 (Figure 1)). However, it is a known fact that disks shake and vibrate when rotating. This is attributed to disruption of the air current around the disk, axial shaking of the disk rotating apparatus that holds and rotates the disk, etc. The component synchronized with rotation of the disk is called rotation-synchronized vibration or repeated run out (RRO). Moreover, the component that is not synchronized with disk rotation is called er non-repeated run out (NRRO). RRO and NRRO produce shaking in the direction of the surface of the disk. Incidentally, in the present specification the surface that includes the recording area on the disk is simply referred to as the surface and the end face around the outside or the end face around the inside is simply called the end face. The head generally floats a very small distance above the disk and therefore, head misregistration occurs due to RRO and NRRO. RRO basically has no effect on head misregitration misregistration over a written track. On the other hand, NRRO is observed as head misregistration since it is not compensated in the testing device.